

Week of: 12 de marzo

Día	Tarea
lunes Monday <u>12</u>	Begin 4.4 HW: Study Verb Meanings
martes Tuesday <u>13</u>	4.4 HW: 4.4 Sheet
miércoles Wednesday <u>14</u>	4.4 / Review HW: Study Guide L4
jueves Thursday <u>15</u>	Review for L4 Test Monday HW: Study
viernes Friday <u>16</u>	LAB Review: <a href="http://vhlcentral.com">vhlcentral.com</a> <a href="http://conjuguemos.com">conjuguemos.com</a> HW: Study

Week of: 19 de marzo

Día	Tarea
lunes Monday <u>19</u>	Lesson 4 Test
martes Tuesday <u>20</u>	
miércoles Wednesday <u>21</u>	All late HW Due!
jueves Thursday <u>22</u>	
viernes Friday <u>23</u>	Next week Q3 Ends Weds. 3/28

## 4.4 Verbs with Irregular Yo forms

In Spanish, several verbs have irregular Yo forms in the present tense.

You have already seen three verbs with the **-go** ending in the **yo** form:

**decir → digo**

**tener → tengo**

**venir → vengo**

The following verbs have irregular Yo forms:

### Verbs with irregular yo forms

	<b>hacer</b> <i>(to do; to make)</i>	<b>poner</b> <i>(to put; to place)</i>	<b>salir</b> <i>(to leave)</i>	<b>suponer</b> <i>(to suppose)</i>	<b>traer</b> <i>(to bring)</i>
SINGULAR FORMS	<b>hago</b>	<b>pongo</b>	<b>salgo</b>	<b>supongo</b>	<b>traigo</b>
	haces	pones	sales	supones	traes
	hace	pone	sale	supone	trae
PLURAL FORMS	hacemos	ponemos	salimos	suponemos	traemos
	hacéis	ponéis	salís	suponéis	traéis
	hacen	ponen	salen	suponen	traen

• Here are some common expressions with **decir**:

**decir la verdad**

*to tell the truth*

**decir mentiras**

*to tell lies*

**decir que**

*to say that*

**decir la respuesta**

*to say the answer*

• The verb **hacer** is often used to ask questions about what someone does. Note that when answering, **hacer** is frequently replaced with another, more specific action verb.

• **Poner** can also mean to turn on a household appliance.

• Salir de is used to indicate that someone is leaving a particular place.

• Salir para is used to indicate someone's destination.

• Salir con means *to leave with someone or something, or to date someone.*

## 4.4 Verbs with Irregular Yo forms

### The verbs *ver* and *oír*

- The verb ver (to see) has an irregular **yo** form. The other forms of **ver** are regular.

### The verb *ver* (to see)

#### Singular forms

yo	<b>veo</b>
tú	ves
Ud./él/ella	ve

#### Plural forms

nosotros/as	vemos
vosotros/as	veis
Uds./ellos/ellas	ven

- The verb oír (to hear) has an irregular **yo** form and the spelling change **i:y** in the **tú**, **usted**, **él**, **ella**, **ustedes**, **ellos**, and **ellas** forms. The **nosotros/as** and **vosotros/as** forms have an accent mark.

### The verb *oír* (to hear)

#### Singular forms

yo	<b>oigo</b>
tú	<b>oyes</b>
Ud./él/ella	<b>oye</b>

#### Plural forms

nosotros/as	<b>oímos</b>
vosotros/as	<b>oís</b>
Uds./ellos/ellas	<b>oyen</b>

- While most commonly translated as *to hear*, **oír** is also used in contexts where English would use to listen.

**Oigo** a unas personas en la otra sala.  
*I hear some people in the other room.*

¿**Oyes** la radio por la mañana?  
*Do you listen to the radio in the morning?*